

# 1H 2005 IFRS UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED RESULTS







- Fast profit growth owing to business expansion and successful resolution of the Slovenská Inkasní (SI) case; excellent financial results even without the SI
- Growth of operating profit in spite of falling interest rates and bond yields
- Better cost-income ratio resulting from strict and efficient cost management
- Expansion of the CSOB Group assets due to favourable economic and business development in CR and SR
- Corporate loans portfolio growing faster than the market



- Ongoing expansion of SME credits owing to customer relationships development
- Retail expansion driven by housing credits the CSOB Group is No. 1 in housing loans
- Lower deposits growth offset by mutual funds expansion using CSOB/KBC funds
- Faster growth of the assets under management: the CSOB Group is one of the market leader in AUM
- Strong position in trading and FX operations generates rapid income growth

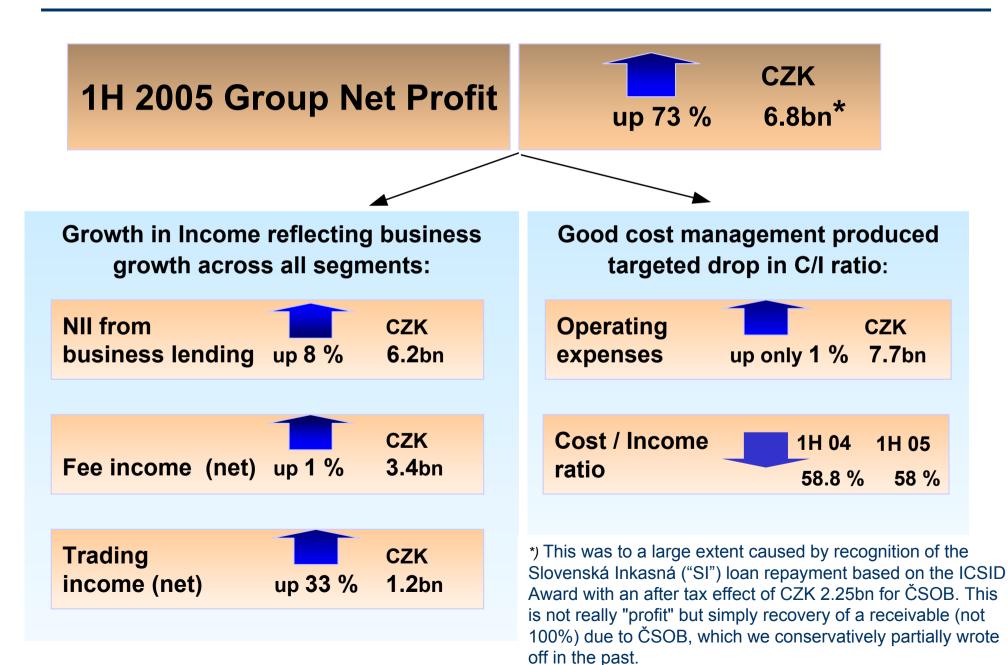


**Executive Summary** 

1H 2005 Highlights – Business Perspective
1H 2005 Performance - Financial Perspective
Results of Selected Business Activities
Appendix

### **Business Growth Has Brought Very Good Results** Decomposition of Net Profit

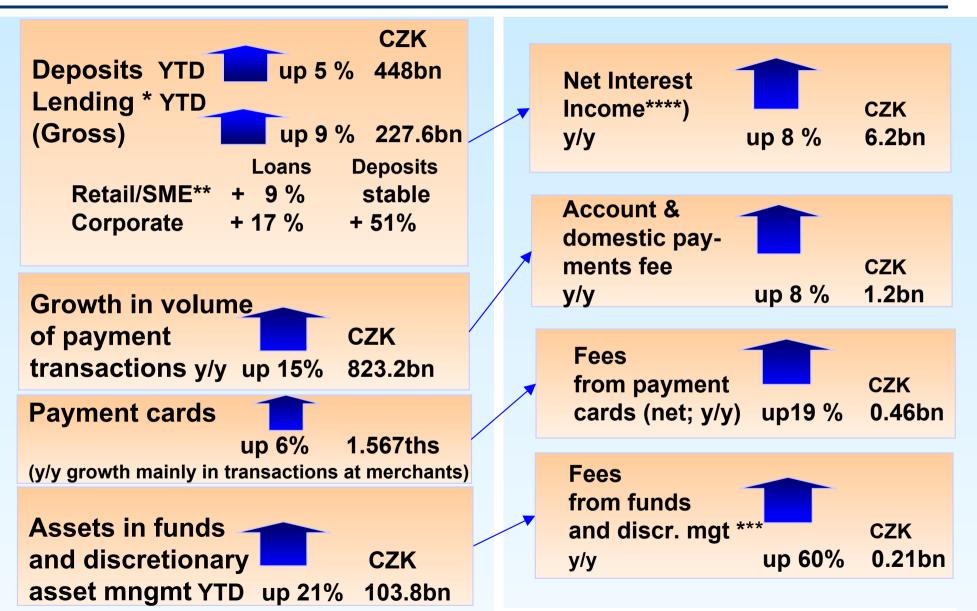




# **Contribution to Income**

#### **Break-Down by Major Business Activities**

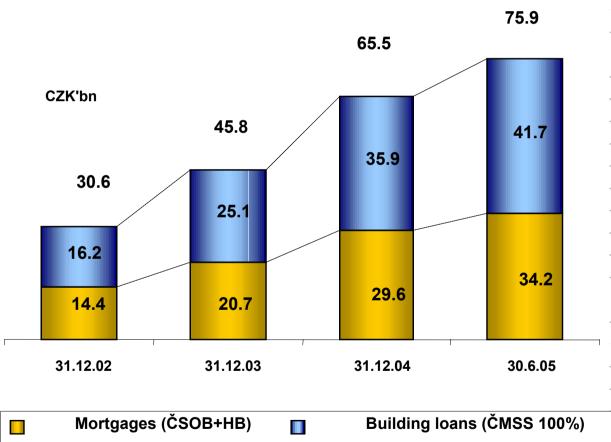




\*) Excl. repayment of SI and reclassification. \*\*) Decomposition for CR and SR, see slide No. 23. \*\*\*) Negative impact of ex-privatisation funds.

\*\*\*\*) Adjusted NII for the income from operation on Financial Markets (transfer from NII into Trading income).





**RETAIL MORTGAGES & BUILDING LOANS\*** 

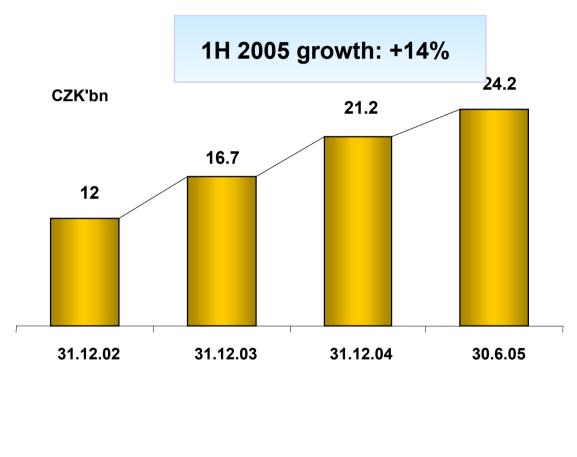
Volume of housing loans more than doubled in ČSOB since 2002

□ Y/Y growth for 1st half 2005 is 40%

Note: \*) ČSOB, HB, ČMSS



#### LENDING TO SME CR IN TOTAL



Volume of loans doubled since 2002.

□NII Loans shows +14% growth in 1H 2005.

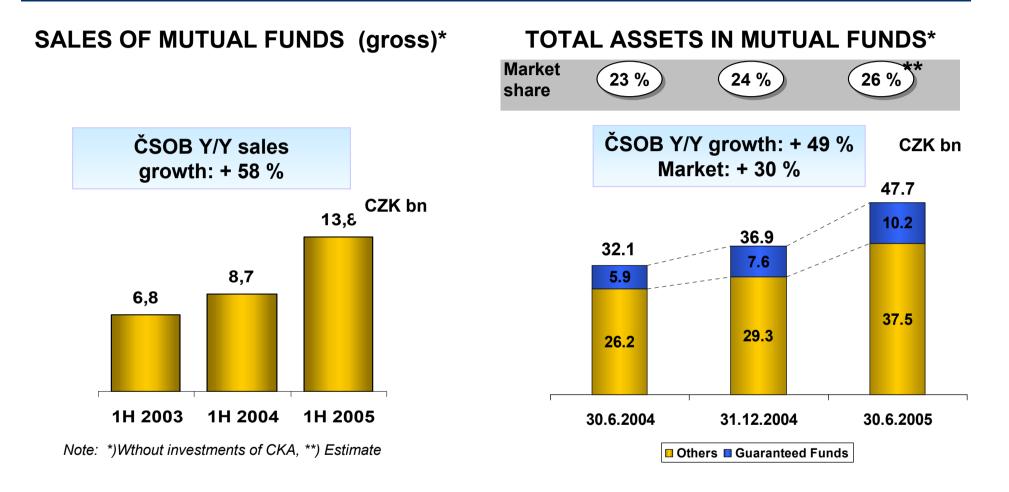
□Non Interest income (loans) increased by 17% y/y

□ SME's processes for cooperative housing and legal units of flat owners have been simplified and resulted in increase by CZK 1bn y/y.

□ ČSOB has No.1 position in lending to co-operative housing and legal units of flat owners.

## Inflow of Assets to Funds - the Effect of Advice to Individuals **Retail Clients Assets in Mutual Funds**



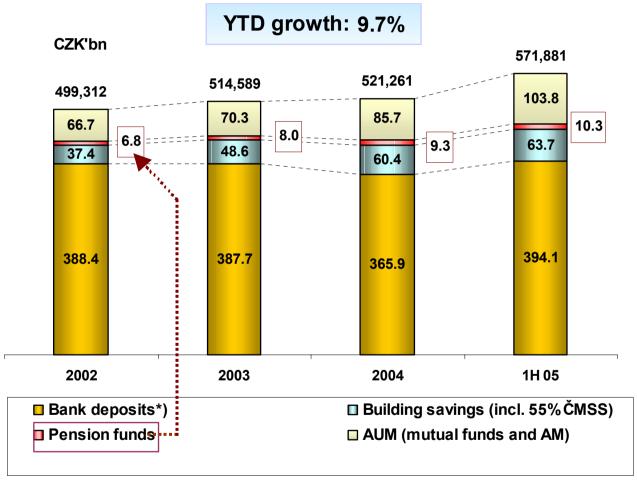


- CSOB continued to successfully launch new capital guaranteed funds (CGF) in the Czech market and keeps a leading position
- Sales of CGFs grew by 58 % y/y, CGFs represent 25 % of overall funds sales
- ČSOB market leader, it offers alltogether 180 ČSOB/KBC mutual funds

# ČSOB is a Key Asset Manager in the Czech Market



#### ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT (ČSOB GROUP)



Note: \*) incl. depositary Bills of Exchange (CZK 9.2bn as of 31.12.2004 and CZK 19.8bn as of 30.6.2005)

#### Total Assets Under Management: + 9.7% YTD (1H 2005)

#### Sales of Retail Mutual funds: + 58% y/y



ČSOB, together with BNP Paribas and Natexis Banques Populaires, comprises a consortium whose bid was evaluated, by the Czech Airlines, as the most financially advantageous for CZK 10 – 12 billion financing of its new aircrafts. ČSOB, in consortium with BNP Paribas and Natexis Banques Populaires, succeeded among 10 bidders, which underlines the importance and prestige of the transaction.



**ČSOB / KBC Bank NV**, Calyon (*Books and Documentation Agent*), HVB Group, ING Wholesale Banking (*Books*), and Komerční banka a.s. (*Books and Facility Agent*) - together the "Mandated Lead Arrangers" - successfully completed **syndication of the new CZK 12bn Term Loan Facility for Veolia Environmement S.A.** (the Borrower). This is the biggest-ever facility denominated in CZK and syndicated on the local corporate lending market.





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1H 2005 Highlights – Business Perspective

1H 2005 Performance - Financial Perspective Results of Selected Business Activities Appendix

# **1H 2005 Financial Highlights**

#### **Excluding Effect of Slovenská Inkasná Loan Repayment**

#### Group Operating Profit: +3 % y/y Key drivers:

- business growth across customer segments,
- continued tight costs management

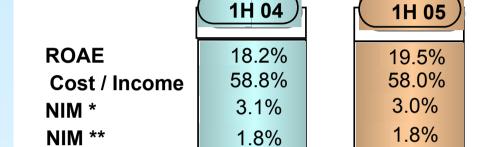
Net after-tax Group Profit : CZK 4.6bn Group's Net Profit Growth: +16 % y/y

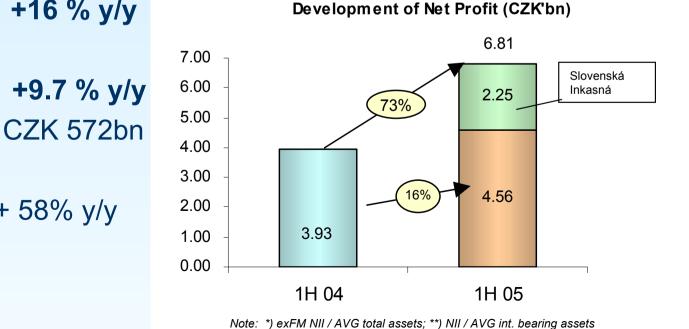
#### Assets Under Mngmt:

- amounting to:
- driven by:

sales of Mutual funds: + 58% y/y

# Cost / Income Ratio: 58% (from 58.8% at 1H 2004)







# **Profit and Loss Statement (incl. SI)**



CZK'm	1H 04	1H 05	Change	
Net interest income	7,842	7,777	-1%	
Net fee and commission income	3,397	3,431	1%	
Net trading income	935	1,248	33%	
Other income	828	3,884	369%	
Operating income	13,002	16,340	26%	
Operating expenses	-7,647	-7,720	1%	I
Operating profit before provisions	5,355	<mark>8,621</mark>	61%	Income from
Credit provisions	126	327	160%	Slovenská Inkasná
Other provisions	-1	<mark>-267</mark>	-	ICSID Award in the
Operating profit	5,480	<mark>8,681</mark>	58%	amount of CZK 3,021m
Income tax expense	-1,506	<mark>-1,838</mark>	22%	
Net profit before minority interests	3,974	6,843	72%	
Minority interests	-42	-37	-10%	
Net profit	3,932	6,806	73%	

# **Profit and Loss Statement**

### **Excluding Effect of Slovenská Inkasná Loan Repayment**



1H 04 Change 1H 05 CZK'm Net interest income -1% 7.763 7.842 Net fee and commission income 3.397 3.431 1% 33% Net trading income 935 1.248 828 863 4% Other income Operating income 13,002 13,305 2% Operating expenses -7.647 -7.720 1% Operating profit before provisions 5,586 5,355 4% Credit provisions 327 126 160% -1 -267 Other provisions 5.481 3% Operating profit 5,646 -1,049 -30% -1,506 Income tax expense 16% Net profit before minority interests 3,975 4.597 -42 Minority interests -10% -37 3,933 4,560 1,6% Net profit

1H 05 total operating income was influenced by following items:

- good business growth in segments
- change of instruments in FM portfolio (caused Y/Y variations between NII and Trading Income)
- Implementation of up-front fee amortization (based on IFRS methodology)

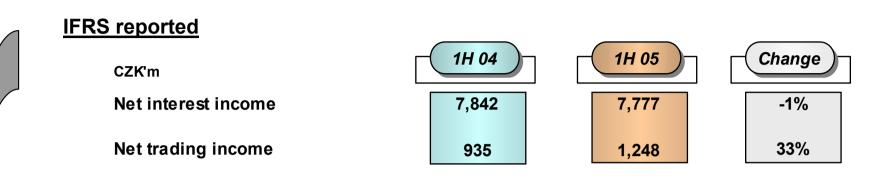
YOY Increase is lower than inflation rate mainly driven by decrease of Deposit insurance premium

Y/Y release of Credit provision mainly due to IFRS conversion to new methodology and change of Loan Loss Ratio on AQR (Asset Quality Review) portfolio

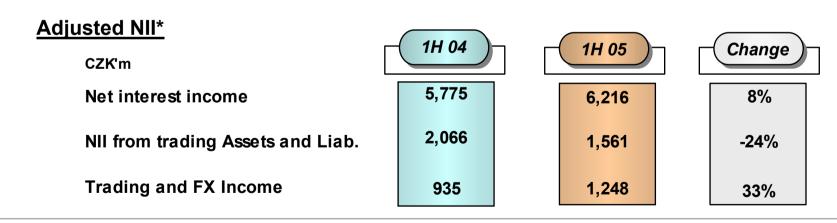
Reserved created for legal cases and organizational reengineering of company

# Business segments – a Key Driver of Increase in Operating Income





Individual lines of Operating Income, especially NII and Net Trading Income, are influenced by accounting of income from trading operations, which is being booked into both NII and Trading Income lines based on the type of the instrument.



- > Increase of NII is driven by business growth across all business segments
- Decrease in NII from Trading Assets and Liabilities is due to the dividend paid–out in 2004, this is compensated by Net Trading Income
- > FX Income is driven by proprietary operations and operations with corporate customers.

\* Adjusted NII for the income from operation on Financial Markets (transfer from NII into Trading income)



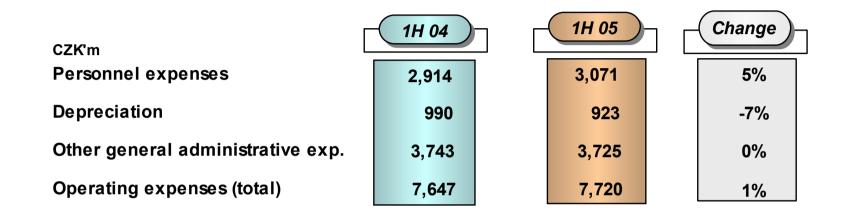
CZK'm	1H 04	1H 05	Change
Account fees and domestic payments	1,141	1,235	8%
Foreign payments	422	384	-9%
Loan fees	248	234	-6%
Payment card & E-banking fees	391	464	19%
Funds, AM	131	209	60%
Other (Bank)	449	354	-21%
Bank Total	2,783	2,879	3%
Subsidiaries Total	615	551	-10%
Fees total	<b>3,397</b>	<b>3,431</b>	<b>1%</b>

Business growth across all business segments is the driver for increase in Fee Income (i.e. sales of Mutual funds, transactions with Payment cards and at POS terminals etc.)

Despite the business growth in Subsidiaries there is Y/Y decrease in Fee Income caused by implementation of IFRS rules of amortization the fee income over the life-time of the product.

# **Operating Expenses under Tight Control**





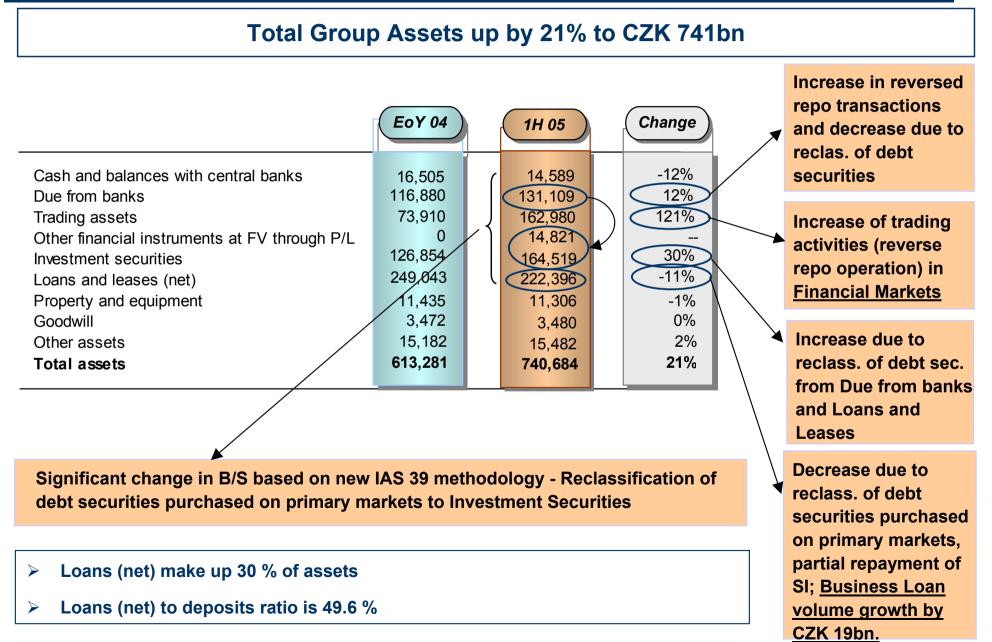
General Operating expenses (OPEX) increased by 1% y/y; driven by Personnel expenses.

- General salary and headcount increase in Slovakia and subsidiaries; driven by business growth and by taking new companies into a consolidation, partially compensated by 3% headcount decrease in the Bank in the Czech Republic.
- > 1H 2005 Depreciation has decreased mainly due to investment and procurement reviews.

#### Cost Income ratio decrease to 58% (excl. SI)

## **B/S – Assets** Changes in B/S Structure





**B/S - Liabilities** 



CZK'm	EoY 04	1H 05	Change 6%		Growth by increase in trading activities (repo operation)
Trading liabilities	24,723 66,847	26,258 140,435	110%		
Due to customers	426,058	448,018	5%		Y/Y increase in
Debt securities in issue	24,854	40,586	63%		deposits driven by
Other liabilities, incl. tax liabilities	25,615	34,307	34%		additional
Total Liabilities	568,097	689,604	21%		increase in sales
Minority Interest	349	238	-32%	$\backslash$	of mutual funds
Total Shareholder's Equity	44,835	50,842	13%		and sales of BoE
Total Liabilities, Minority Interest and Total Shareholder's Equity	613,281	740,684	21%		Increase in sales of BoE mainly in
				$\mathbf{n}$	Corporate segment

Increase due to retained current year earnings

↘



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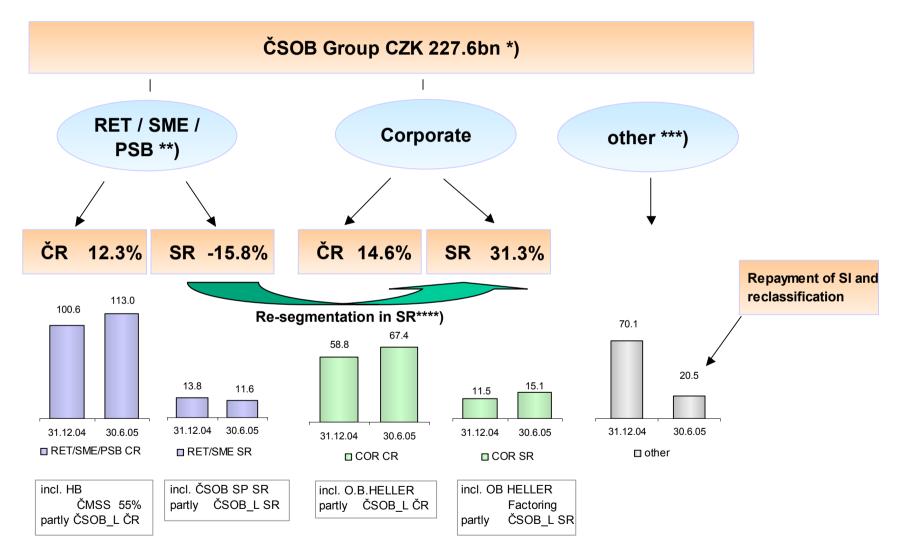
1H 2005 Performance - Financial Perspective

# Results of Selected Business Activities

Appendix

# Group Lending in Total (30.6.2005 vs. 31.12.2004)



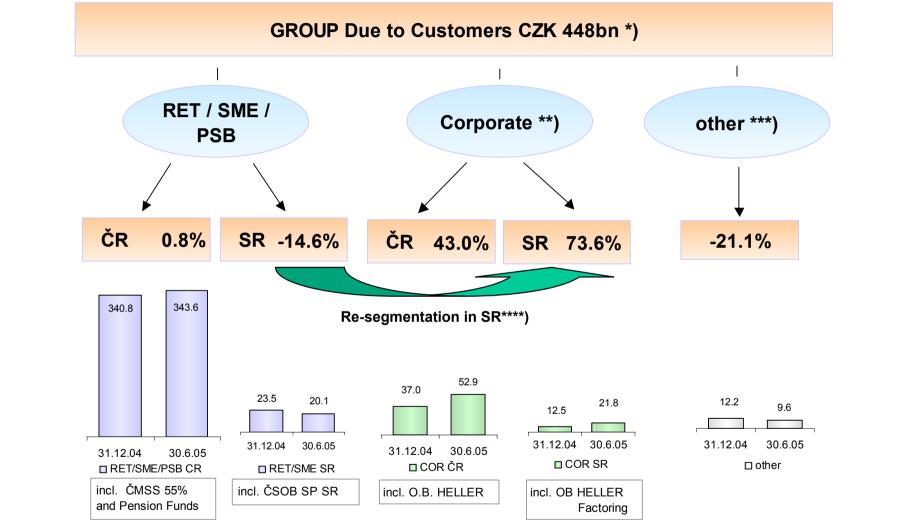


Notes: \*) Loans and leases (gross amounts)

- \*\*) Business growth mainly in housing loans (Retail bank, HB, CMSS) and SME loans
- \*\*\*) Decreased caused by repayment of Slovenská Inkasná Ioan, Reclassification of debt securities purchased on primary markets to Investment Securities, rest of "other" includes portfolio of historic Ioans
- \*\*\*\*) Re-segmentation in bank SR to increase customer focus and level of service

# **Retail Deposits - transfer to Mutual Funds continues**





Notes:

\*) only BS line Due to customers (excluding Bills of Exchange and investments in Mutual Funds)

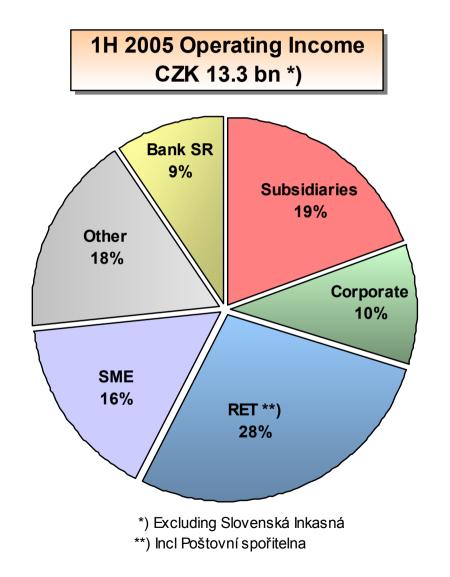
\*\*) Corporate deposits do not include depository BoE and obligations to banks; (as at 31.12.2004 - depositary B/E CZK 9bn, obligations to banks CZK 6.5bn; as at 30.6.2005 - depository B/E CZK 19bn, obligations to banks CZK 5.5bn).

\*\*\*) Mostly historic and Bad debts portfolio

\*\*\*\*) Re-segmentation in bank SR to increase customer focus and level of service

## **Segments' Contribution to Income (excl. SI)** ČSOB's Character is Changing from Corporate to Retail/SME Bank





Group YOY increase in
<b>Operating income +2% is driven</b>
by positive movement in Loans
portfolio from end of 2004:

<b>RET/SME Loans</b>	+9%
SME CR Loans	+14%
Housing Loans	+16%



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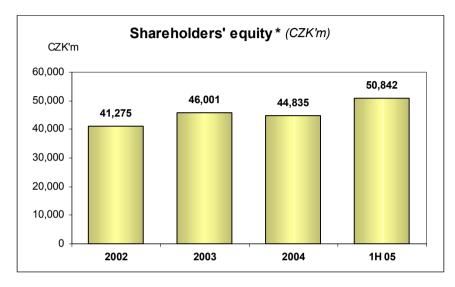
1H 2005 Performance - Financial Perspective

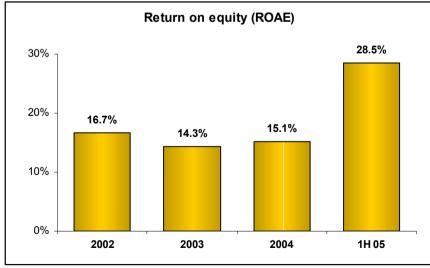
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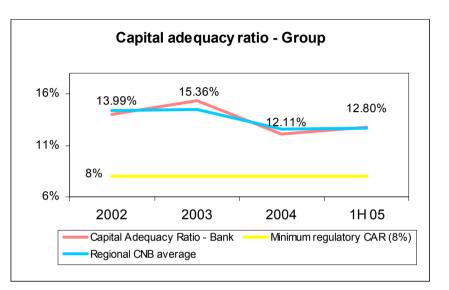


# **Financial Ratios**









Higher ROAE in 1H 2005
is influenced by SI
ROAE for 1H 2005 excl. SI

would be 19.5%

## Expansion in Lending Does Not Compromise High Quality of Loan Portfolio Low Share of Loans > 90 Days Overdue (NPLs)

CZK bn	31.12.2004	30.6.2005	Change in %
Total loans* NPLs Total provisions	254.8 3.8 5.8	227.6 4.0 5.2	- 11 + 5 - 10
NPLs to total loans ratio (%)	1.5	1.8	+0.3
% coverage of NPLs by provisions	152.6	131.2	- 21.4

□ High quality of loan portfolio evidenced by only 1.8% share of NPL.

□ Coverage of NPL by provisions is 131.2 %.

# **Development of Loan Portfolio** (IFRS consolidated, gross amounts)

CZK bn	31.12.2004	30.6.2005	Change in %
Historical exposure of which:	22.7	13.2	- 42
- MF CR ( incl. SI)	21.3	12.1	- 43
- other	1.4	1.1	- 21
Write-offs (during the year)	1.4	-	- 21
<b>Current exposure</b>	<b>232.1</b>	<b>214.4</b>	<b>- 8</b>
Write-offs (during the year)	1.8	0.5	- 72
<b>Total loan portfolio*</b>	<b>254.8</b>	<b>227.6</b>	<b>- 11</b>
Write-offs (during the year)	3.2	0.5	- 84

□ Historical exposure further decreased, includes exposure to MF CR (Slovenska Inkasni debt).

□ Current exposure decreased by 8 % and forms 94 % of total loan portfolio.



# Loan Portfolio Quality (IFRS consolidated, gross amounts)

CZK bn	31.12.2004	% of loans	30.6.2005	% of loans
Standard (A-C)	197.9	77.7	174.4	76.6
Classified:	35.6	14.0	41.1	18.1
- Watch (D)	24.5	9.6	28.4	12.5
- Sub-standard (E)	5.9	2.3	7.8	3.4
- Doubtful (F)	2	0.8	1.7	0.7
- Loss (G)	3.2	1.3	3.2	1.5
MF CR ( incl. SI)	21.3	8.3	12.1	5.3
CI	-	-	-	-
Total loan portfolio*	254.8	100.0	227.6	100.0

Quality of loan portfolio is stable, standard loans represent 77 % of the loan portfolio.

Note: \*) including loans to ČKA and OBE portfolio of securities