1Q 2020 Results ČSOB Group

Business Unit Czech Republic



Contents

- **ČSOB Group**
 - Key Figures
 - Financial Overview
 - Business Overview
- **ČSOB Pojišťovna**
- Business Unit Czech Republic
- Appendix



ČSOB Group: Key Figures



Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on ČSOB services and operations

The growth of the Czech economy was interrupted at the end of the first quarter of 2020 by the COVID-19 pandemic. Public health crisis adversely influences environment in which ČSOB operates.

Serving and supporting customers smoothly

- ČSOB digital channels operate smoothly. ČSOB services remained physically accessible in nearly all branches.
- ČSOB serviced inbound calls increase by 20% Y/Y while communication via chats has more than doubled.
- ČSOB offered clients voluntary loan repayment relief program and subsequently implemented loan deferrals under state moratorium. **ČSOB received over 60ths requests for postponing instalments** at the beginning of May 2020.

Digital becomes New Normal

- At peaks over 60% of staff worked remotely ensuring uninterrupted business continuity of ČSOB services.
- Share of digital sales and remote services rapidly increased, e.g., online initiated consumer loans sales increased +75% Y/Y in 1Q. Digital sales of investments more than tripled in March compared to an average week of 2019.
- Mortgage approval in principle shortened time to yes for customers to 15 minutes. Customer provides only basic information and decision engine immediately gives answer if the mortgage can be provided.
- Biometric signature implemented in ČMSS enabling digital client on-boarding and remote service.
- March was the best month for securities trading in history for Patria Finance. Patria acquired a record number of new clients, supported by successful launch of Indigo robo-advisory investment service.
- 5 new robotic processes developed to handle increased workload of COVID-19.

ČSOB helps those in need

- As the only bank in the Czech Republic, ČSOB introduced **online speech transcription service for people with hearing impairments** at all branches and in the call center.
- "Youngsters help Seniors" social media campaign launched, where children encourage their parents or grandparents to use electronic banking channels.
- ČSOB provided capacity for the state information line for COVID-19.

Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on ČSOB results

Financial results impacted by Market Value Adjustment

- The pandemic has triggered a chain of events in the markets that adversely affected Net gains/losses from financial instruments at FVPL. Significant negative booking of market value adjustments¹ occurred in 1Q 2020 as a result of namely drop in interest rates and increased credit spreads. The negative impact of market value adjustments is expected to be gradually reversed if the market returns to its pre-pandemic state and or when the hedging contracts reach maturity.
- 1Q 2020 collective Expected Credit Losses (ECL) calculations are based on pre-COVID-19 macroeconomics. An expert-based calculation on portfolio level has been performed via a management overlay. The management overlay amounts to EUR 6m recognized in Business Unit Czech Republic² and does not show in ČSOB Group 1Q 2020 figures.

Robust capital and liquidity

- ČSOB implemented CNB's recommendation to withhold dividend payments.
- Robust liquidity and capital buffers allow ČSOB to face today's challenges with high confidence.

¹ See explanatory note on recognition of market value adjustments on slide 43.

² See slide 35 for Business Unit Czech Republic results

Net profit decrease driven by higher base in 1Q 2019 and market value adjustments. Robust capital and liquidity.

ČSOB group key indicators		
Profitability	Net profit (CZK bn) Return on equity	
Liquidity	Loan to deposit ratio Net stable funding ratio	
Capital	Tier 1 (CET1) ratio	
Impairments	Credit cost ratio	
Cost efficiency	Cost / income ratio	

2017	2018	2019
17.5 19.3%	15.8 17.5%	19.7 20.7%
77.7% 146.0%	76.3% 161.4%	79.1% 161.5%
17.2%	18.0%	19.2%
0.02%	0.03%	0.04%
43.7%	47.9%	44.9%

1Q 2019	1Q 2020
4.8 20.8%	2.1 8.6%
72.1% 174.1%	77.6% 161.3%
19.0%	19.9%
-0.02%	0.02%
47.7%	67.4%



Net profit decrease driven by higher base in 1Q 2019 and market value adjustments. Robust capital and liquidity.

Business indicators

Loan portfolio increased to **CZK 798bn** (+6% Y/Y) driven by all segments. **Group deposits** increased to **CZK 1,023bn** (+3% Y/Y). **Assets under management** increased to **CZK 233bn** (+4% Y/Y). The number of **active clients** increased **+53ths** Y/Y.

Operating income

Operating income reached **CZK 8.1bn** in 1Q 2020 (-23% Y/Y). The Y/Y decrease was driven by lower other operating income, higher base in 2019 due to one-off gain from sale of ČSOB Asset Management and lower NFCI partly offset by increasing net interest income and full consolidation of ČMSS. Adjusted for the impact of ČMSS consolidation and one-off gain from the sale of ČSOB Asset Management, operating income would also decrease -23% Y/Y.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses increased to **CZK 5.5bn** in 1Q 2020 (+9% Y/Y) due to higher banking tax, higher staff expenses and consolidation of ČMSS. Adjusted for the impact of ČMSS consolidation and excluding banking taxes operating expenses would remain stable.

Impairments

Credit cost ratio for 1Q 2020 stood at **2 bps** (Ytd. annualized, +5 bps Y/Y) thanks to the ongoing excellent loan quality. **Other impairments** increased Y/Y to **CZK 75m (net creation)**.

Net profit

As a result of the above mentioned factors, ČSOB's **net profit** came in at **CZK 2.1bn** (-56% Y/Y) in 1Q 2020. Adjusted for the impact of full consolidation of ČMSS and one off-gain on ČSOB Asset Management the 1Q net profit would decrease -50% Y/Y.

Liquidity & Capital

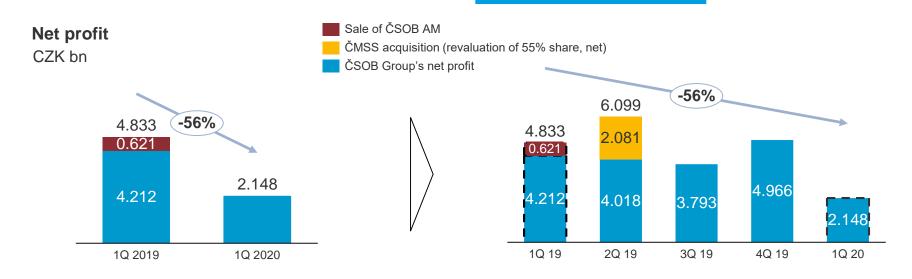
ČSOB maintains strong capital position and excellent liquidity ratios. **CET1 ratio** reached **19.9%**. **Loan to deposit ratio** increased Y/Y to **77.6%**. The **short-term liquidity ratio LCR** was **128.1%** and the **long-term liquidity ratio NSFR** was **161.3%**.

Achievements & Highlights

The Global Finance magazine awarded ČSOB as the Best Bank in Czech Republic for 2020. ČSOB was awarded by EMEA Finance magazine as the Best bank in Czech Republic for 2019.

Significant growth in online initiated consumer loans +75% Y/Y. Positive development is also in mobile banking where number of transactions grew +39% Y/Y and number of active users +32% Y/Y.

The Y/Y net profit decline impact of market value adjustment and higher base in 1Q 2019



1Q 2020 **net profit** decreased to **CZK 2.1bn** (-56% Y/Y). The Y/Y decline is driven mainly by significantly lower other operating income related to market value adjustments and higher base in 1Q 2019 due to the sale of ČSOB Asset Management.

Adjusted for the impact of full consolidation of ČMSS and one off-gain on ČSOB Asset Management the 1Q net profit would decrease -50% Y/Y.

The return on equity (ROE) reached **8.6%**, down from 20.8% driven by lower net profit.

Notes (gross impact):

1Q 2019 one-off items: gain from historical legal case (CZK +0.2bn), sale of ČSOB AM (CZK +0.6bn)

2Q 2019 one-off item: gain from revaluation of ČSOB's 55% share in ČMSS triggered by acquisition of remaining 45% share, in conformity with IFRS 3 (CZK +2.1bn)



Robust capital position and excellent liquidity ratios

Profitability Net interest margin (%) -0.27pp 3,24 2,97 1Q 2019 1Q 2020 Cost / income ratio (%) +19.7pp 67,4 47,7 1Q 2019 1Q 2020 **ROE** (%) -12.2pp 20,8 8,6

Loan portfolio quality



Capital

Tier 1 (CET 1) ratio (%)







Liquidity

Net stable funding ratio (%)



Loan to deposit ratio (%)





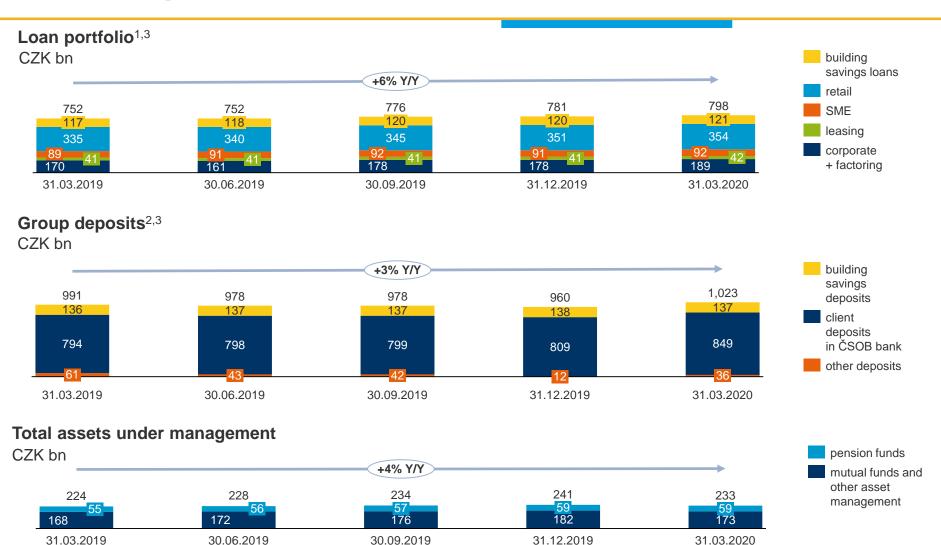
1Q 2019

1Q 2020

¹ Loan portfolio quality ratios as of 31.3.2019 were retrospectively recounted reflecting 100% consolidation of ČMSS.

Loans, deposits and assets under management

Continued growth of loan portfolio





¹ Item Loans and receivables minus exposure to banks from inter-bank transactions and reverse repo operations with ČNB plus credit replacing bonds.

² Item Deposits received from other than credit institutions from the consolidated balance sheet.

³ Volumes of building savings loans and deposits were retrospectively recounted to 100% amounts reflecting the full consolidation of ČMSS.

ČSOB Group: Financial Overview

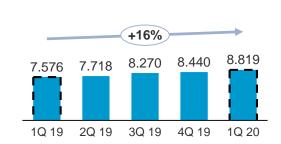


Net interest income and Net interest margin

Increasing net interest income due to higher loan volumes and CMSS consolidation

Net interest income (NII)



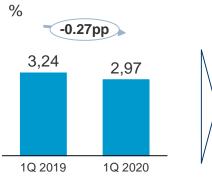


1Q 2020 **net interest income** increased **+16% Y/Y** and as a result of:

- (+) NII from loans
- (+) other NII, influenced by short-term operations at financial markets
- (+) consolidation of ČMSS
- (-) NII from deposits

Adjusted for the impact of ČMSS consolidation, NII would increase +9% Y/Y in 1Q.

Net interest margin (NIM)*





	2017	2018	2019	1Q 2020
Net interest margin (Ytd., %)*	2.90	3.07	3.02	2.97
	(2.98)	n/a	n/a	n/a

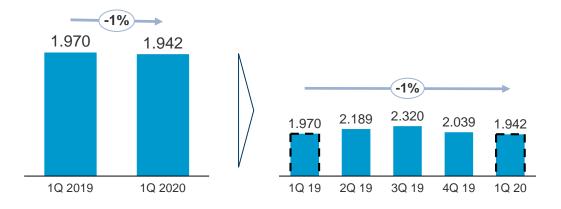
In 1Q 2020, **net interest margin** reached **2.97%** (-0.27pp Y/Y) due to the pressure on both lending and deposit margins, the former negatively influenced by pressure on external rates, while the latter negatively impacted by increase of external deposit rates in 1Q 2020. Limited impact of CNB repo rate cuts in the second half of March.



Higher base in 2019 and lower net gains from financial instruments at fair value.

Net fee and commission income (NFCI)

CZK bn

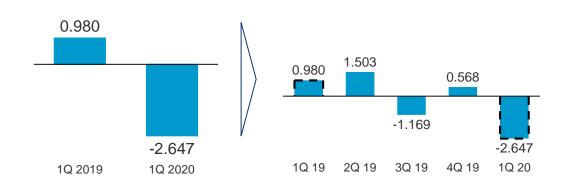


1Q 2020 **net fee and commission income** decreased **-1% Y/Y** as a result of:

- (+) higher asset management fees,
- (+) decreased distribution fees,
- (-) lower fees on foreign payments due to SEPA regulation and lower fees from payment cards.

Adjusted for the impact of ČMSS consolidation, NFCI would decrease -8% Y/Y in 1Q.

Other¹ CZK bn



Decrease of item "**Other**" (Y/Y) was influenced by following factors:

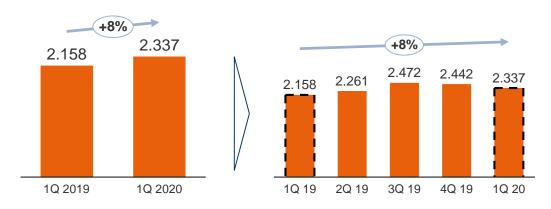
- (+) sale of bonds
- (-) one-off gain from sale of ČSOB AM in 1Q 2019.
- (-) one-off gain from historical legal case in 1Q 2019.
- (-) valuation adjustments,
- (-) short-term operations at financial markets.



Operating expenses growth below inflation (adjusted for ČMSS consolidation)

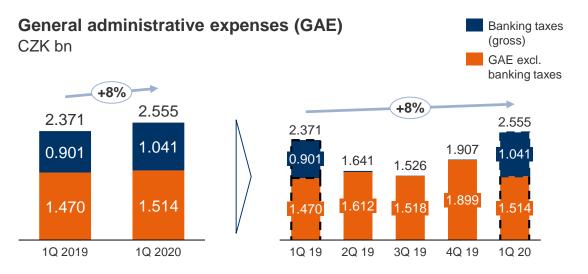
Staff expenses

CZK bn



1Q 2020 **staff expenses** increased **+8 % Y/Y** due to wage adjustments and consolidation of ČMSS while the lower average number of FTEs and higher capitalization had a positive impact.

Adjusted for the impact of ČMSS consolidation, staff expenses would increase **+2% Y/Y** in 1Q.



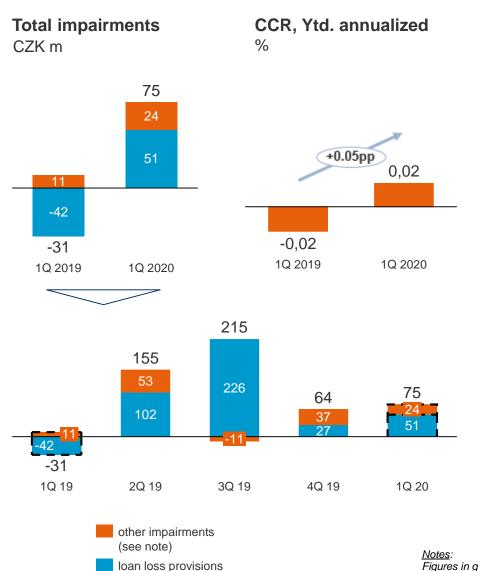
1Q 2020 **general administrative expenses** increased **+8% Y/Y** driven mainly by ČMSS consolidation while marketing and ICT level of costs had a positive impact.

Adjusted for the impact of ČMSS consolidation and excluding banking taxes, GAE would decrease -5% Y/Y in 1Q.

Cost/income ratio increased to **67.4%** (+19.7pp Y/Y) driven by lower operating income.



Excellent loan quality



(impairments on financial assets at amortised cost)

In 1Q 2020, **loan loss provisions** increased to **CZK 51m (net creation)** driven mainly by higher creation in Retail and Corporate segments partly offset by net releases in SME and Hypoteční banka.

1Q 2020 collective Expected Credit Losses (ECL) calculations are based on pre-COVID-19 macroeconomics. An expert-based calculation on portfolio level has been performed via a management overlay. The management overlay is recognized in Business Unit Czech Republic (see slide 35) and does not show in ČSOB Group 1Q 2020 figures.

Other impairments increased Y/Y to CZK 24m.

Credit cost ratio for 1Q 2020 reached **2 bps** (Ytd., annualized; +5 bps Y/Y). The Y/Y increase was influenced by the consolidation of ČMSS.

Risk view on structure of the loan portfolio

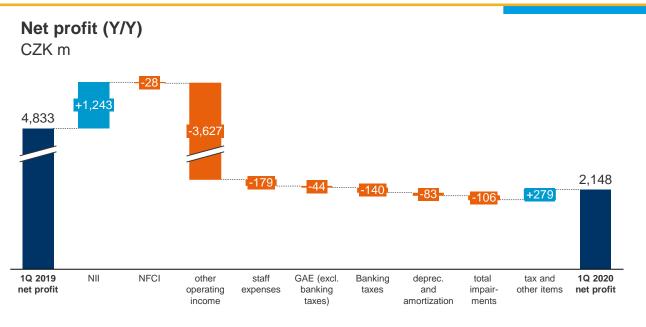
	31.3.2020		
IFRS 9 distribution	Amount (CZK bn)	Share on total loans	
Loan portfolio (incl. ČMSS)	797.7	100%	
Stage 1 - performing	733.8	92%	
Stage 2 - underperforming	46.8	6%	
Stage 3 - non-performing loans	17.1	2%	

Figures in graphs: (+) net creation/cost and (-) net release/revenue.

Other impairments include impairments on tangible and intangible assets.

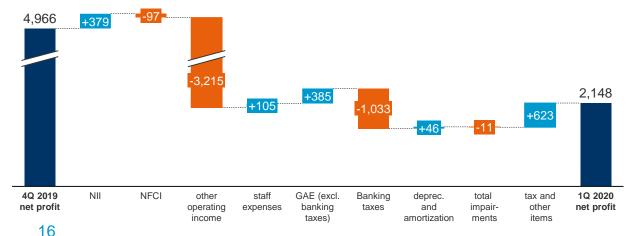


Wrap up of net profit drivers



Net profit (Q/Q)

C7K m



The main difference between 1Q 2020 and 1Q 2019 net profit was caused by the following drivers:

On the **positive side**:

 higher NII thanks to NII from loans and other NII and consolidation of ČMSS

On the negative side:

- lower NFCI due to decreasing fees from foreign payments, payment cards and other fees, partially offset by impact of ČMSS consolidation
- lower other operating income due to lower trading income, valuation adjustments and higher base in 1Q 2019 due to sale of ČSOB AM and historical legal case
- higher staff expenses linked to wage adjustments and consolidation of ČMSS with partial offset by higher capitalization and lower number of FTEs
- higher GAE was influenced mainly by ČMSS, Y/Y savings traced in ICT and marketing costs
- higher banking taxes due to higher regulatory requirement
- higher total impairments driven mainly by higher creation in Retail and Corporate segments partly offset by net releases in SME and Hypoteční banka.

The main difference between 1Q 2020 and 4Q 2019 net profit was caused by the following drivers:

On the **positive side**:

- higher NII driven by NII from loans and other NII
- lower GAE thanks to 4Q 2019 peak in marketing costs and lower costs for ICT, building and trainings
- Lower staff expenses linked to revision of annual reserve and lower number of FTEs

On the **negative side**:

- lower NFCI driven by lower fees from foreign payments and other fees partially offset by higher fees from payment cards and lower distribution fees
- lower other operating income due to valuation adjustments and trading income
- higher banking taxes as a usual seasonal effect
- higher total impairments driven by higher creation in Hypoteční banka and Retail

Consolidated, CZK m	31.3.2019	31.12.2019	31.3.2020	
Total regulatory capital	72,483	75,117	84,562	
- (Common Equity) Tier 1 Capital	72,483	75,117	84,562	The Y/Y increase of (Common Equity) Tier 1 capital due to
- Tier 2 Capital	0	0	0	inclusion of YE 2019 profit.
Total RWA	382,211	391,461	424,385	Total RWA increased Y/Y due to
- Credit risk	309,733	321,481	354,801	increase of credit risk (changes in methodology), increase in
- Market risk	9,262	633	238	counterparty credit risk (derivates) and delays in collateral registration
- Operational risk	63,216	69,347	69,347	process.
(Common Equity) Tier 1 ratio	19.0%	19.2%	19,9%	````
Total capital ratio	19.0%	19.2%	19,9%	

Motos:

ČSOB Group: Business Overview



ČSOB group market shares

Gaining market share in SME/corporate loans, investments, insurance and consumer finance.

1st

2nd	

3rd

4th

Total Loans ¹	20,7%	
	26.9%	+
Mortgages ^{1,6}		
Building savings loans ¹	40.2%	1
Building savings deposits ¹	39.5%	•
Total Deposits ¹	20.1%	1
Mutual funds ¹	23.7%	1
Factoring ²	21.6%	+
Leasing ¹	17.4%	1
Pension funds ³	14.6%	1
SME/corporate loans ¹	14.7%	1
Consumer lending ^{1,4,6}	13.1%	1
Insurance ⁵ - combined	8.2%	1
Non-life insurance ⁵	8.2%	1
Life insurance ⁵	8.1%	

Arrows show Y/Y change. Market shares as of 31 March 2020, except for mutual funds, pension funds, leasing and factoring which are as of 31 December 2019. The ranking is ČSOB's estimate. Market position in the insurance reflects combined position of the insurers belonging to the same business group.

1 Outstanding at the given date (including ČMSS); 2 New business in the year to the given date; 3 Number of total clients at the given date; 4 Retail loans excluding mortgages and building savings loans. 5 New business in the year according to gross written premium. 6 Since 1Q 2019, market shares in mortgages and consumer lending are influenced by methodological change in CNB reporting.

Sources and detailed definitions are provided in Appendix.



Loan growth recorded in all segments

Gross outstanding volumes, CZK bn	31.3.2019	31.3.2020	Y/Y	
Loan portfolio	752.4	797.7	+6%	31.3.2020
Retail Segment				More than 60% of the total loan portfolio
Mortgages ¹	303.3	319.9	+5%	is in retail, out of which majority in financing housing needs.
Consumer finance	31.8	34.0	+7%	
Building savings loans ²	117.0	120.8	+3%	corporate segment 1%
SME/Corporate Segment				23% mortgages
Corporate loans ³	164.1	183.1	+12%	
SME loans	89.5	91.8	+3%	SME loans 12%
Leasing	40.8	42.0	+3%	leasing 4% 15%
Factoring	6.0	6.1	+2%	consumer building
Other ⁴	41.8	47.9	+14%	savings loans
Credit risk: loan portfolio	794.1	845.6	+6%	

¹ The ČSOB group mortgages are booked in the balance sheet of ČSOB's subsidiary Hypoteční banka.



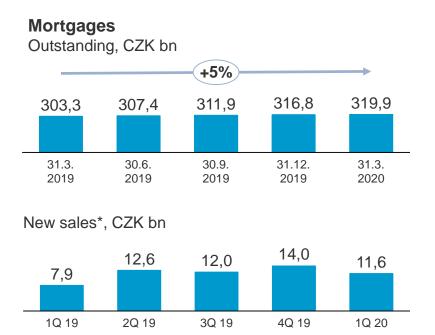
² The ČSOB group building savings loans are in the balance sheet of ČMSS building savings company. Volumes in the table above are reported in 100% and beginning 2Q 2019 included in the ČSOB's consolidated balance sheet.

³ Including credit-replacing bonds.

⁴ Including off-balance sheet items and ALM/financial markets exposures.

Housing loans

Growth of mortgage as well as building savings loans volumes

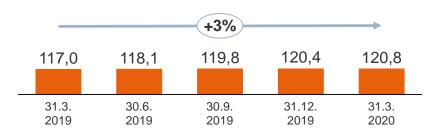


The **outstanding volume of mortgages** increased **+5% Y/Y**. The demand was positively influenced by decreasing interest rates partially offset by the negative impact of the outbreak of COVID-19 crisis.

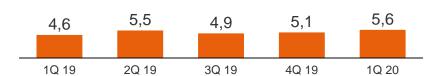
In 1Q 2020, ČSOB provided over **4 thousand new mortgages** (+23% Y/Y) in the total amount of **CZK 11.6bn** (+47% Y/Y). The market increased +35% Y/Y in the number and 50% Y/Y in the total amount of new mortgages.

Building savings loans

Outstanding (ČMSS 100%), CZK bn



New sales (ČMSS 100%)*, CZK bn



The outstanding **building savings loan portfolio** increased **+3% Y/Y**, while the market increased **+6%** Y/Y.

In 1Q 2020, **new sales** increased **+22% Y/Y**. The increase was influenced mainly by the continuing impact of ČNB regulations and higher property prices.



Consumer finance, SME loans, Leasing

Growth in consumer finance, core SME and leasing

credit cards and overdrafts

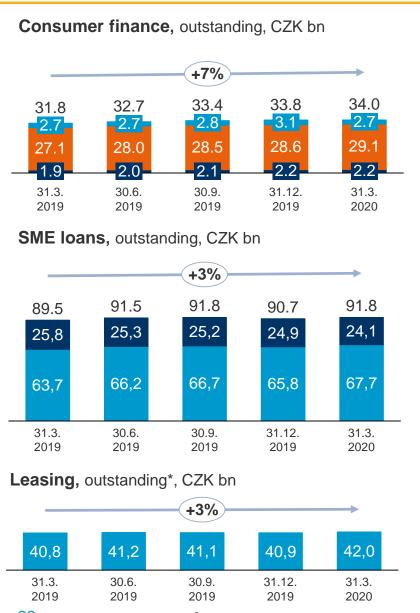
cash loans

other (housing cooperatives,

municipalities)

core SME

other



Consumer finance grew **+7% Y/Y** driven by cash loans (+7% Y/Y) thanks to continued attractiveness of ČSOB's product offer for both existing and new clients.

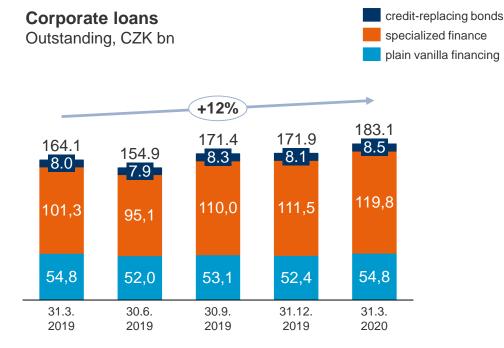
SME loans increased **+3% Y/Y** driven by expansion in core SME lending (micro, small and mid-sized companies, +6% Y/Y).

The loan volume provided to housing cooperatives decreased Y/Y, however ČSOB remains market leader in housing cooperatives segment.

Outstanding volumes in **ČSOB Leasing** increased **+3% Y/Y**.



Increase of outstanding volumes of corporate loans



Outstanding volumes of **corporate loans** increased **+12% Y/Y** due to new drawing in sectors of real estate, oil, gas & other fuels, and distribution.



Factoring outstanding volumes increased **+2% Y/Y** thanks to growing demand for alternative financing.



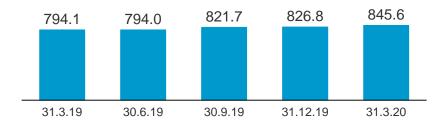
Note: The corporate segment comprises mid-cap corporate customers with an annual turnover above CZK 300m, local subsidiaries of international groups and selected institutional clients.

Credit risk under control

Excellent loan quality, decreasing non-performing loans

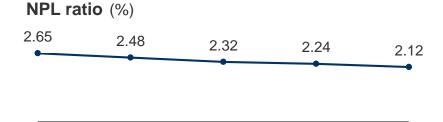
31.3.20

Credit risk: loan portfolio (CZK bn)



Non-performing loans (CZK bn)

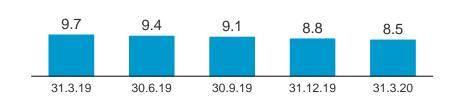




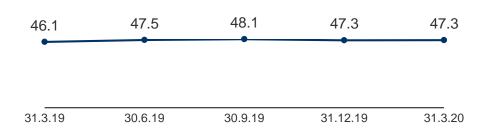
30.9.19

31.12.19

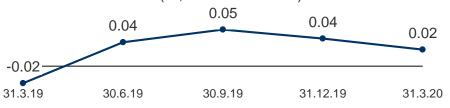
Allowances for loans and leases 1 (CZK bn)



NPL coverage ratio (%)



Credit cost ratio (%, Ytd. annualized)



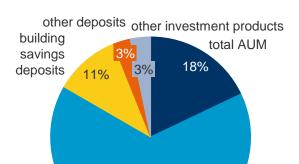


31.3.19

30.6.19

Growth of deposits and assets under management

Outstanding volumes, CZK bn	31.3.2019	31.3.2020	Y/Y
Group deposits	991.1	1,022.6	+3%
Client deposits	794.0	849.1	+7%
Current accounts	547.7	579.4	+6%
Savings deposits	208.2	207.9	+1%
Term deposits	38.2	61.9	+62%
Other deposits ¹	60.7	36.1	-41%
Building savings deposits ²	136.4	137.4	+1%
Total AUM	223.5	232.7	+4%
Pension funds ³	55.2	59.2	+7%
Mutual funds and other AM ⁴	168.3	173.5	+3%
Other investment products ⁵	37.6	42.6	+13%



65% client deposits

31.3.2020



¹ The other deposits predominantly consist of repo operations with institutional clients.

² ČSOB group building savings deposits are included in the ČSOB's consolidated balance sheet in 100% since 30.6.2019.

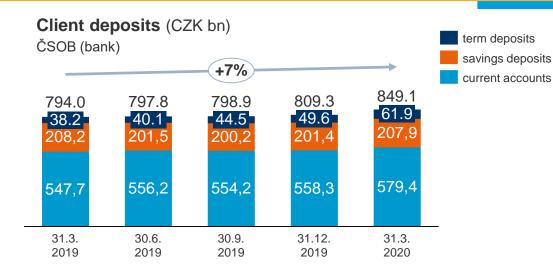
³ Liabilities to pension fund policy holders.

⁴ Item "Mutual funds and other AM" includes AUM in structured/capital protected funds, AUM in other mutual funds, other asset management and AUM of Slovak local funds managed in Czech Republic.

⁵ Including bonds, investment certificates and mortgage covered bonds. See definition in appendix.

Client deposits, Building savings deposits and Pension funds

Strong growth of client deposits and pension funds



Client deposits increased +7% Y/Y driven by the growth of current accounts (+6% Y/Y) and term deposits (+62% Y/Y) while savings deposits slightly decreased.

Building savings deposits (CZK bn)



Building savings deposits increased +1% Y/Y.

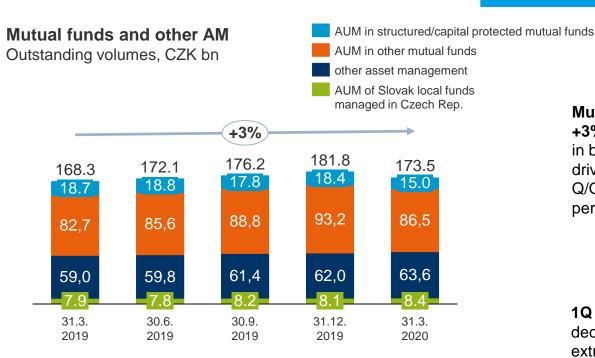
Pension funds (CZK bn)



The volume of savings in **pension funds** increased **+7% Y/Y** driven mainly by higher average pension savings per client.



Mutual funds increased +3% Y/Y driven by new sales

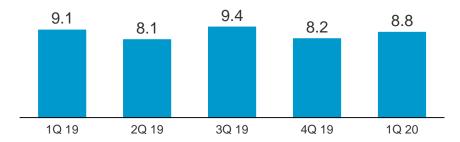


Mutual funds and other AM increased +3% Y/Y to CZK 173.5bn due to increase in both the mutual funds and other AM driven by the higher new sales. Decrease Q/Q was driven by the negative performance effect.

1Q 2020 new sales of mutual funds decreased **-3% Y/Y** mainly due to extraordinarily good sales of bond fund ČSOB Premiéra in 1Q 2019.

Mutual funds

New sales (gross), CZK bn



Notes:

Mutual funds include funds managed by ČSOB AM as well as those distributed by the ČSOB group but managed by the KBC AM. Only direct positions are included (the funds bought directly by clients).





Growing active client base supported by ongoing transformation to omnichannel distribution model

	31.3.2019	31.12.2019	31.3.2020
Clients of ČSOB's group (mil.) 1	4.265	4.240	4.239
Clients of Ušetřeno.cz and Top- Pojištění.cz (ths.; YtD.) ²	52	173	47
ČSOB branches (bank only)	234	225	225
ČSOB Retail/SME branches incl. dual branded (ČSOB + PSB)	212	203	203
ČSOB Private Banking branches	11	11	11
ČSOB Corporate branches	11	11	11
ČSOB Pojišťovna branches	98	97	97
Hypoteční banka centers	30	29	29
ČMSS advisory centers	292	273	268
Leasing branches	7	7	7
PSB outlets of the Czech Post network	ca. 2,600	ca. 2,600	ca. 2,600
 of which specialized banking counters Czech Post franchise outlets 	206 ca. 600	226 ca. 600	229 ca. 600
ATMs ³ - of which contactless	1,067 423	1,068 492	1,069 517

The **number of clients** decreased -26ths Y/Y, but the **number of active clients increased +53ths Y/Y**.

At the end of March 2020, clients could use **1,069 ATMs** (+2 Y/Y), of which 517 were contactless (+94 Y/Y), 243 enabled cash deposits (+28 Y/Y) and **1,007** are customized for visually impaired clients.

Due to the ongoing optimization of the branch network and strengthening of the self-service platforms, some branches were closed or merged as dual branded. The number of **ČSOB branches** reached 225 (-9 Y/Y).

Extended portfolio of bank-insurance services at Czech Post is provided at **229 specialized banking counters** (+23 Y/Y).

Note

The multi-channel distribution platform of the ČSOB group includes also a wide **agent network** of over 5,000 agents, incl. ČMSS tied agents, intermediaries and individual brokers for Hypoteční banka, ČSOB Leasing's dealers and ČSOB Pojišťovna's tied agents, multi-agents and individual brokers.

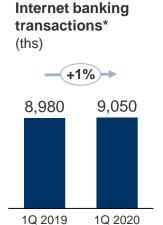


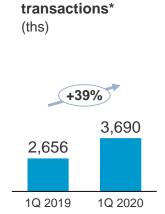
¹ Since 2Q 2019 all clients of ČMSS are included. Figures for previous periods were restated.

² Clients who have bought at least one product from the beginning of the year.

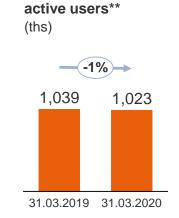
³ Including ATMs of cooperating banks.

Number of mobile banking active users and transactions rapidly increasing

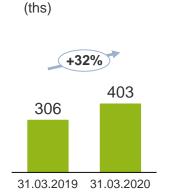




Mobile banking



Internet banking



Mobile banking

active users***



As of 31 March 2020, the number of **mobile banking** active users increased +32% Y/Y, the number of **internet banking** active users decreased -1% Y/Y.

In 1Q 2020, number of transactions entered via **mobile banking** increased +39% Y/Y and number of transactions via **internet banking** increased +1% Y/Y.



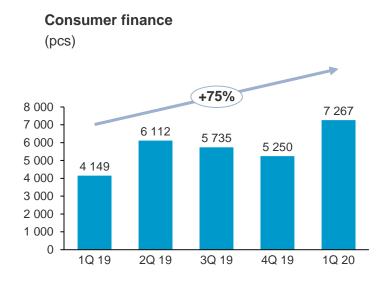
^{*} Only transactions of retail and private banking clients are included. Transactions from standing payment orders are excluded.

^{**} Internet banking active users are clients who at least once during the last 3 months used internet banking.

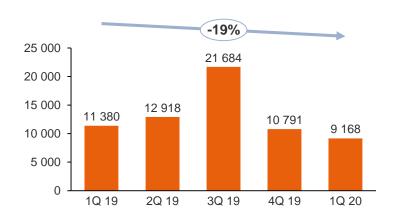
^{***} Mobile banking active users are clients who at least once during the last 3 months used mobile banking.

ČSOB group's distribution platform

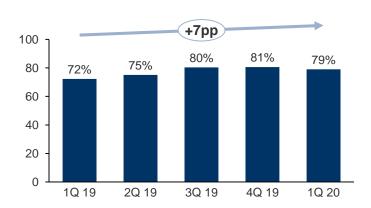
Online initiated sales are strongly increasing



Travel insurance (pcs)



Share of digitally-signed documents at the branches



In 1Q 2020 more than 7 thousand **consumer loans** were initiated online, up +75% Y/Y. Online sales of **travel insurance** decreased by -19% Y/Y. The Q/Q decrease can be attributed to seasonal effects and outbreak of COVID-19 crisis.

From 2016, ČSOB offers paperless operations at all branches. The share of **digitally-signed documents** at the branches reached 79% in 1Q 2019, up +7pp Y/Y.

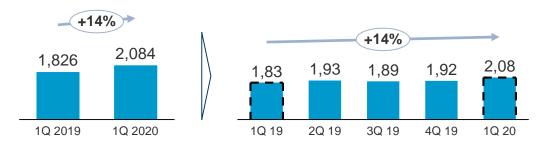


ČSOB Pojišťovna: Key figures



Growth in non-life as well as in regular life gross written premium

Non-life insurance - gross written premium (GWP) CZK bn



Life insurance – regular paid gross written premium CZK bn



Life insurance - single paid gross written premium CZK bn



Market shares	1Q 2020	Market position
Non-life insurance	1 8.2%	4th
Life insurance	→ 8.1%	4th

Arrows show Y/Y change.

Non-life insurance

1Q 2020 non-life gross written premium increased **+14% Y/Y** thanks to growth in all product lines, mainly in Industrial Risk, House & Household and Motor insurance, while the market increased **+7%** Y/Y.

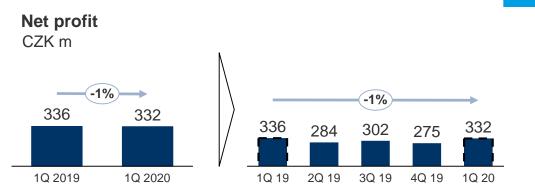
Life insurance

1Q 2020 **regular paid** gross written premium increased **+5% Y/Y** as a result of portfolio stabilization and better profile in lapses of the life contracts, while the market increased 3% Y/Y.

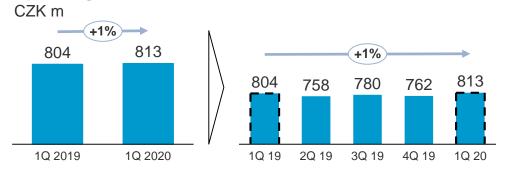
1Q 2020 **single paid** gross written premium decreased by **-24% Y/Y** due to lower amount of tranches Y/Y. The market decreased -10% Y/Y.



Profitability improved in case of excluding positive one-off effect in 2019



Operating income



1Q 2020 **net profit** stood at **CZK 332m** (-1% Y/Y). Last year reality was influenced by positive one-off effect coming from sale of buildings. Excl. this effect Net profit would increase by +8% driven by Non-life and supported by Life.

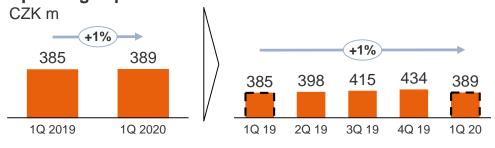
1Q 2020 **operating income** increased to **CZK 813m** (+1% Y/Y) influenced by the following drivers:

- <u>life</u>: growth in regular paid GWP and bottom line showed stable profit contribution in Y/Y comparison.
- non-life: improved profitability Y/Y despite impact of several windstorms and bigger claims in 2020.

1Q 2020 **operating expenses** increased +1% Y/Y to **CZK 389m** driven by higher staff expenses due to wage adjustments and higher depreciation.

Non-life combined ratio reached 90.3% decreased Y/Y thanks to improvement in loss ratio and cost ratio as well (impact of higher GWP).

Operating expenses



Non-life combined ratio (%)





Business Unit Czech Republic



Lower net profit driven by ČSOB group



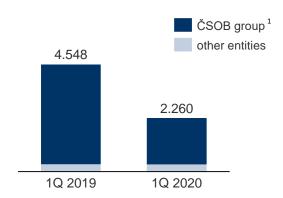
Effective as of 1 January 2013, KBC has organized its core markets activities into three business units. As a result, KBC's business in the Czech Republic have been included into Business Unit Czech Republic.

The 1Q 2020 net profit of the Business Unit Czech Republic reached CZK 2.3bn (-48% Y/Y). The Business Unit Czech Republic contains all KBC's operations in the Czech Republic, namely the ČSOB group, and full ownership of ČSOB Pojišťovna and until 4Q2018 also ČSOB Asset Management (ČSOB AM).1

The ČSOB group consists of ČSOB bank (including Postal Savings Bank), Hypoteční banka, ČMSS, ČSOB Penzijní společnost, ČSOB Leasing, ČSOB Factoring and Patria.

Net profit of the Business Unit Czech Republic

CZK bn



Net profit (CZK bn)	1Q 2019	2Q 2019	3Q 2019	4Q 2019	1Q 2020	1Q/1Q	1Q 2019	1Q 2020	1Q/1Q
ČSOB BU Czech Republic	4.548	6.383	4.094	5.240	2.260	-50%	4.548	2.260	-50%
o/w ČSOB Pojišťovna	0.336	0.284	0.302	0.275	0.332	-1%	0.336	0.332	-1%

¹Differences between the ČSOB group results within the Business Unit Czech Republic (BU CZ) and the stand-alone ČSOB group consolidated results are stemming from elimination of intragroup transactions with ČSOB Pojišťovna, management overlay as an additional impairment recognized by KBC Group in 1Q 2020 and other.



Appendix



Ratios and other indicators

Ratio / Indicator	31.12.2017	31.12.2018	31.12.2019	31.3.2019	31.3.2020
Net interest margin (Ytd., annualized, %)1	2.90 (2.98)	3.07 n/a	3.02 n/a	3.24 n/a	2.97 n/a
Cost / income ratio (%)	43.7	47.9	44.9	47.7	67.4
RoE (Ytd., %)	19.3	17.5	20.7	20.8	8.6
RoA (Ytd., %)	1.26	1.07	1.20	1.32	0.5
RoAC, BU Czech Republic (Ytd., %) ²	43.0	39.1	46.7	42.5	42.0
Credit cost ratio (Ytd., annualized, %)3	0.02	0.03	0.04	-0.02	0.02
NPL ratio (%) ³	n/a (2.33)	2.73 (2.43)	2.24 n/a	2.65 n/a	2.12 n/a
NPL coverage ratio (%) ³	n/a (58.5)	45.7 (46.9)	47.3 n/a	46.1 n/a	47.3 n/a
(Common Equity) Tier 1 ratio (%)	17.2	18.0	19.2	19.0	19,9
Total capital ratio (%)	17.2	18.0	19.2	19.0	19,9
Leverage ratio (Basel III, %)	4.48	4.26	4.04	3.97	4.34
Net stable funding ratio ⁴ (Basel III, %)	146.0	161.4	161.5	174.1	161.3
Liquidity coverage ratio (Basel III, %)	146.4	136.5	130.9	128.6	128.1
Loan to deposit ratio (%)	77.7	76.3	79.1	72.1	77.6

¹ As of 1Q 2018, calculation of Net interest margin has been changed. Year 2017 has been restated. Previous values are in brackets.



² Fully-loaded

³ The loan quality ratios have been restated to reflect inclusion of 100% of ČMSS loans in Credit risk: loan portfolio. The originally reported ratios are in brackets.

⁴ As of 3Q 2018 net stable funding ratio has been influenced by change of weight of exposures to CNB.

Profit and loss statement

(CZK m)	1Q 2019	4Q 2019	1Q 2020	Y/Y	Q/Q
Net interest income	7 576	8 440	8 819	+16%	+4%
Interest income	10 498	12 568	12 737	+21%	+1%
Interest expense	-2 922	-4 128	-3 918	+34%	-5%
Net fee and commission income	1 970	2 039	1 942	-1%	-5%
Net gains from financial instruments at FVPL ¹	-89	203	-3 051	>+100%	+/-
Other operating income ²	1 069	365	404	-62%	+11%
Operating income	10 526	11 047	8 114	-23%	-27%
Staff expenses	-2 158	-2 442	-2 337	+8%	-4%
General administrative expenses	-2 371	-1 907	-2 555	+8%	+34%
General administrative expenses (excl. banking taxes)	-1 470	-1 899	-1 514	+3%	-20%
Banking taxes	-901	-8	-1 041	+16%	>+100%
Depreciation and amortisation	-490	-619	-573	+17%	-7%
Operating expenses	-5 019	-4 968	-5 465	+9%	+10%
Impairment losses	31	-64	-75	+/-	+17%
Impairment on financial assets at amortised cost	42	-27	-51	+/-	+89%
Impairment on financial assets at fair value through OCI	0	0	0	n/a	n/a
Impairment on other assets	-11	-37	-24	>+100%	-35%
Share of profit of associates	107	-4	-8	+/-	+100%
Profit before tax	5 645	6 011	2 566	-55%	-57%
Income tax expense	-812	-1 045	-418	-49%	-60%
Profit for the period	4 833	4 966	2 148	-56%	-57%
Attributable to:	0	0	0%		
Owners of the parent	4 833	4 966	2 148	-56%	-57%
Non-controlling interests	0	0	0	n/a	n/a

¹ FVPL = fair value through profit and loss.



Other operating income = Net realised gains from financial intruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), dividend income, income and expense from operating lease, other net income.

Balance sheet - assets

(CZK m)	31/3 2019	31/12 2019	31/3 2020	Ytd.
Cash and balances with central banks and other demand deposits	27 028	47 725	21 495	-55%
Financial assets held for trading	45 965	29 017	63 572	>+100%
Financial assets held for trading pledged as collateral	85	0	0	n/a
Financial assets designated at fair value through P/L	0	0	0	n/a
Non-trading financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	248	948	0	-100%
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI)	15 006	10 007	7 192	-28%
Financial assets at fair value through OCI pledged as collateral	3 743	6 465	8 758	+35%
Financial assets at amortised cost - net	1 415 978	1 459 211	1 597 435	+9%
Financial assets at amortised cost to credit institutions - gross	707 356	621 195	733 855	+18%
Financial assets at amortised cost to other than credit institutions - gross	717 962	849 091	874 574	+3%
Financial assets at amortised cost - provisions	-9 340	-11 075	-10 994	-1%
Financial assets at amortised cost pledged as collateral	39 450	43 007	43 072	0%
Fair value adjustments of the hedged items in portfolio hedge	-3 207	-4 177	8 862	-/+
Derivatives used for hedging	9 185	9 226	11 372	+23%
Current tax assets	197	194	163	-16%
Deferred tax assets	570	367	742	>+100%
Investments in associates and joint ventures	4 300	86	119	+38%
Property and equipment	12 755	14 417	13 462	-7%
Goodwill and other intangible assets	6 244	11 498	11 435	-1%
Non-current assets held-for-sale	74	23	471	>+100%
Other assets	2 823	3 053	4 653	+52%
Total assets	1 580 444	1 631 067	1 792 803	+10%

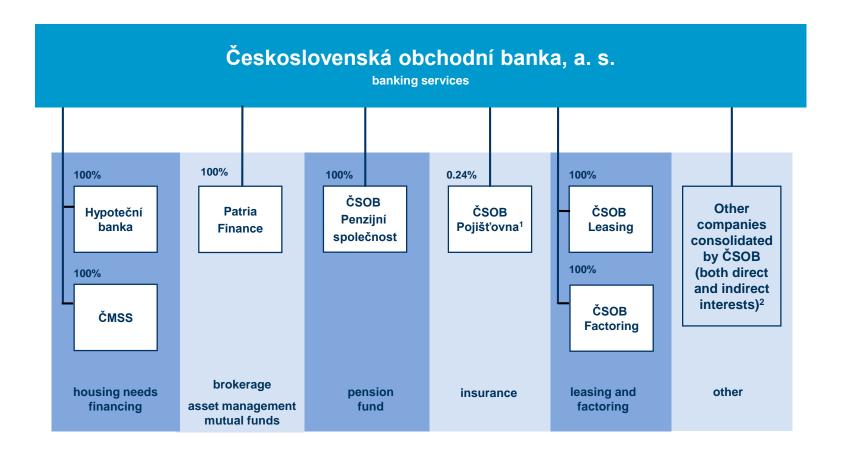


Balance sheet – liabilities and equity

(CZK m)	31/3 2019	31/12 2019	31/3 2020	Ytd.
Financial liabilities held for trading	39 291	51 458	84 238	+64%
Financial liabilities at fair value through P/L	30 431	42 231	39 410	-7%
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	1 396 890	1 423 115	1 535 221	+8%
of which Deposits received from central banks	0	0	0	n/a
of which Deposits received from credit institutions	128 351	47 346	145 116	>+100%
of which Deposits received from other than credit institut.	852 226	959 951	1 025 348	+7%
of which Debt securities in issue	416 313	415 818	<i>364 757</i>	-12%
of which Subordinated liabilities	0	0	0	n/a
Fair value adjustments of the hedged items in portfolio hedge	-2 789	-3 564	6 965	-/+
Derivatives used for hedging	10 904	10 967	16 328	+49%
Current tax liabilities	1 122	180	122	-32%
Deferred tax liabilities	1 002	940	990	+5%
Provisions	612	722	581	-20%
Other liabilities	6 160	6 340	7 747	+22%
Total liabilities	1 483 623	1 532 389	1 691 602	+10%
Share capital	5 855	5 855	5 855	0%
Share premium	20 929	20 929	20 929	0%
Statutory reserve	18 687	18 687	18 687	0%
Retained earnings	50 968	52 870	55 018	+4%
Financial assets at fair value through OCI - revaluation reserve	418	561	199	-65%
Cash flow hedge reserve	-36	-224	513	-/+
Parent shareholders' equity	96 821	98 678	101 201	+3%
Minority interest	0	0	0	n/a
Total equity	96 821	98 678	101 201	+3%
Total liabilities and equity	1 580 444	1 631 067	1 792 803	+10%



The ČSOB group in the Czech Republic



Percentages show ČSOB's ownership interests on company's equity as at 31 March 2020.

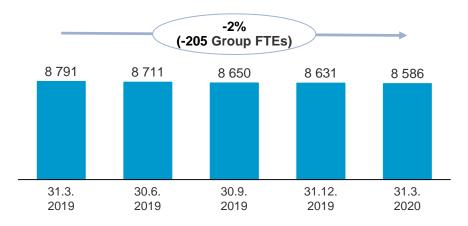


¹ 99.76% of shares owned by KBC Insurance; by the equity method consolidation.

² A complete list of companies consolidated by ČSOB is stated in ČSOB Annual Report.

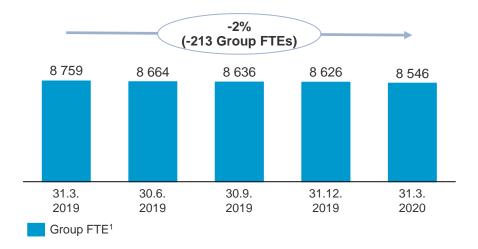
Employees

Number of FTEs – average



The average **number of Group FTE decreased -205 Y/Y** driven mainly by lower number of Bank FTEs.

Number of FTEs - end of the period



The number of Group FTE at the end of the period decreased -213 Y/Y driven mainly by lower number of Bank FTEs.



¹ W/o all companies jointly controlled by the Bank (joint ventures) and all companies over which the Bank has significant influence (associates).

Explanatory notes to financial statements

1. Full consolidation of ČMSS

Beginning 1 June 2019 ČMSS is consolidated in the ČSOB's financial statements using the method of full consolidation. The beginning of consolidation positively influenced net interest income and net fee and commission income and negatively the operating expenses.

For comparison restated balance sheet as of 31 December 2018 with ČMSS consolidated using the full consolidation method is reported. The reported volumes of building savings loans and deposits were retrospectively restated to 100% (previously reported as 55%). Credit risk: loan portfolio has been extended of 100% amounts of loans in ČMSS (previously not included), figures were restated retrospectively. Loan quality ratios were retrospectively restated in line with restatement of Credit risk: loan portfolio.

2. Revaluation of the 55% share in ČMSS

In conformity with IFRS 3, ČSOB revaluated 55% share in ČMSS triggered by acquisition of the remaining 45% share. One-off gain from this revaluation in the amount of CZK 2.1bn was reported in other operating income.

3. Explanatory note on recognition of market value adjustments

Market value adjustments are recognized on all positions that are measured at fair value. They relate to close-out costs, adjustments for less-liquid positions or markets, mark-to-model-related valuation adjustments, counterparty risk and funding costs.

Credit value adjustments (CVAs) are used when measuring derivatives to ensure that their market value is adjusted to reflect the credit risk of the counterparty. A debt value adjustment (DVA) is made for contracts where the counterparty is exposed to CSOB. A funding value adjustment (FVA) is a correction made to the fair value of uncollateralised derivatives in order to ensure that the (future) funding costs or income attached to entering into and hedging such instruments are factored in when measuring their value.



Market shares definitions and sources

Item	Definition	Source
Building savings deposits	Deposits of buildings savings clients, ČMSS 100%.	ČNB, Data Series System (ARAD); ČMSS
Building savings loans	Outstanding volumes of building savings loans, ČMSS 100%.	ČNB, Data Series System (ARAD); ČMSS
Consumer loans	Outstanding volume of cash loans, credit cards, overdrafts, consumer loans on real estate and American mortgages.	ČNB, Data Series System (ARAD); ČSOB
Factoring	Volume of new business.	Association of Leasing and Factoring Companies ČR (ČLFA)
Insurance	New business in the year according to gross written premium. Market position reflects combined position of the insurers belonging to the same business group.	Czech Association of Insurance Companies (ČAP)
Leasing	Outstanding volume (leasing of movables, commercial loans and consumer loans); related to the relevant market comprising both banks and non-banking institutions.	t Association of Leasing and Factoring Companies ČR (ČLFA)
Mortgages	Outstanding volumes; mortgages for private individuals excl. American mortgages and mortgages for non-housing real estate purposes, consumer loans for house purchase, according to ČNB definition.	ČNB, Data Series System (ARAD); ČSOB; HB
Mutual funds	AUM in both Czech and foreign funds at the given date, including institutional funds and third parties funds; according to AKAT methodology.	Association for Capital Market (AKAT)
Pension funds	Total number of clients at the given date.	The Association of Pension Funds of the Czech Republic (APS)
SME/corporate loans	Remaining loans that are not reported in any of the retail loans categories (loans to other than households).	ČNB, Data Series System (ARAD); ČSOB
Total deposits	Total bank deposits including building savings deposits (ČMSS), excluding repo and including unmarketable bills of exchange.	ČNB, Data Series System (ARAD); ČSOB
Total loans	Outstanding volumes of consumer loans and other retail loans + mortgages for private individuals + building savings loans (ČMSS) + SME/corporate loans (gross).	ČNB, Data Series System (ARAD); ČSOB; ČMSS



Glossary - ratios

(Common Equity) Tier 1 ratio	Tier 1 capital (CET1) / Total RWA (according to CRR)
C/I (cost/income ratio)	Operating expenses / operating income, Ytd.
CCR (credit-cost ratio)	Total credit costs / average Credit risk: loan portfolio in the year (simple average of previous year end and reported period end balances); Ytd., annualized
Leverage ratio	Tier 1 capital / On-balance + Off-balance sheet items + Counterparty exposure for Derivatives and SFT + Add-ons (according to CRR)
Liquidity coverage ratio	High quality liquid assets (unencumbered and convertible into cash) to liquidity needs (outflow – inflow) for a 30 calendar days time horizon under specified significant stress scenario (according to CRR)
Loan to deposit ratio	IAS 39: Loans and receivables to other than credit institutions (net) / Deposits received from other than credit institutions at amortised cost minus repo operations with non-banking financial institutions IFRS 9: Financial assets at amortised cost to other than credit institutions minus bonds (net) / Deposits received from other than credit institutions at amortised cost minus repo operations with non-banking financial institutions
Net stable funding ratio (NSFR)	Available amount of stable funding / required amount of stable funding (according to CRR)
NIM (net interest margin)	Net interest income excl. volatile short-term assets used for liquidity management / average interest earnings assets excl. volatile short-term assets used for liquidity management; Qtd./Ytd., annualized
Non-life combined ratio	(Technical insurance charges, incl. the internal cost of settling claims / earned insurance premiums) + (operating expenses / written insurance premiums) (after reinsurance in each case, according to KBC group methodology)
NPL (non-performing loans) ratio	Outstanding amount of non-performing loans (incl. off-balance sheet items) / Credit risk: loan portfolio
NPL coverage ratio	Specific allowances for loans and leases (incl. off-balance sheet items) / non-performing loans (incl. off-balance sheet items)
ROA (return on assets)	Net profit for the year / average of total assets; Ytd., annualized
ROAC, BU Czech Republic (return on allocated capital)	Result after tax (including minority interests) of the ČSOB group, adjusted to take account of allocated capital instead of actual capital / average allocated capital of the ČSOB group (KBC group methodology)
ROE (return on equity)	Net profit for the year / average of total shareholders' equity; Ytd., annualized
Total capital ratio	Total regulatory capital / Total RWA (according to CRR)



Glossary - other definitions

Assets under management	Including pension funds, mutual funds (assets under management in structured/capital protected funds and other mutual funds), other asset management and assets under management products and assets under management of Slovak local funds managed in the Czech Republic.			
Banking taxes	Including contribution to the Resolution Fund, Deposit insurance premium and Securities Traders Guarantee Fund.			
Building savings deposits	All ČMSS financial liabilities at amortized cost minus deposits received from other than credit institutions.			
Building savings loans	All customer lending granted by ČMSS in book values. Gross.			
Consumer finance	Loan portfolio granted by ČSOB's retail network (ČSOB and PSB brand) in book values. Gross.			
Corporate loans	Loan portfolio granted by ČSOB's corporate banking network in book values, including credit-replacing bonds. Gross.			
Credit risk: loan portfolio	Including all payment credit, guarantee credit, standby credit and credit derivatives, granted by ČSOB to private persons, companies, governments and banks. Bonds held in the investment portfolio are included if they are corporate- or bank-issued, hence government bonds and trading book exposure are not included.			
Group deposits	Item Deposits received from other than credit institutions from the consolidated balance sheet (incl. ČMSS/building savings deposits).			
Loan portfolio	Loans and receivables to other than credit institutions (incl. ČMSS/building savings loans) plus loans and receivables to credit institutions minus exposure to banks from inter-bank transactions plus credit replacing bonds (in FVOCI portfolio).			
Mortgages	All loans booked in Hypoteční banka, including home equity loans and mortgage loans to legal entities, excluding intra-group loans. Gross.			
Other investment products	Including bonds, mortgage covered bonds and investment certificates issued by ČSOB or Hypoteční banka held by clients of Retail and Private banking which are reported either as Financial liabilities at fair value through P/L or as Financial liabilities at amortised cost - Debt securities in issue.			
SME loans	Loan portfolio granted by ČSOB's SME network in book values. Gross.			



Contacts

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